## 512B.28 Injunction — liquidation — receivership of domestic society.

- 1. When the commissioner upon investigation finds that a domestic society has exceeded its powers; failed to comply with a provision of this chapter; failed to fulfill a contract in good faith; failed to maintain a membership of not less than four hundred after an existence of one year or more; or conducted business fraudulently or in a manner hazardous to its members, creditors, the public, or the business, the commissioner shall notify the society of the deficiency or deficiencies and state in writing the reasons for the commissioner's dissatisfaction. The commissioner shall at once issue a written notice to the society requiring that the deficiency or deficiencies which exist be corrected. After the notice of deficiency the society has a thirty-day period in which to comply with the commissioner's request for correction, and if the society fails to comply the commissioner shall notify the society of a finding of noncompliance and require the society to show cause on or before a date named why it should not be enjoined from carrying on any business until the violation complained of has been corrected, or why an action seeking other legal or equitable relief should not be commenced against the society.
- 2. If by the date named to show cause the society does not present good and sufficient reasons why it should not be so enjoined or why an action should not be commenced, the commissioner may present the facts relating to the society to the attorney general who shall commence an action to enjoin the society from transacting business or other action requested by the commissioner.
- 3. The court in which an action is commenced pursuant to subsection 2 shall notify the officers of the society of a hearing. If after a full hearing it appears that the society should be enjoined or liquidated or a receiver appointed, or other legal or equitable relief awarded, the court shall enter the necessary order. A society so enjoined does not have the authority to do business unless and until all of the following conditions are satisfied:
  - a. The commissioner finds that the violation complained of has been corrected.
- b. The costs of the action, including reasonable attorney fees for the state's attorneys and expenses related to the case in which the injunction was entered, have been paid by the society if the court finds that the society was in default as alleged.
  - c. The court has dissolved its injunction.
  - d. The commissioner has reinstated the certificate of authority of the society.
- 4. If the court orders the society liquidated, it shall be enjoined from carrying on any further business, and the receiver of the society shall proceed at once to take possession of the books, papers, money, and other assets of the society and, under the direction of the court, proceed to close the affairs of the society and to distribute its funds to those entitled to them.
- 5. If a receiver is to be appointed for a domestic society, the court shall appoint the commissioner of insurance as the receiver.
- 6. The provisions of this section relating to hearing by the commissioner, action by the attorney general at the request of the commissioner, hearing by the court, injunction, and receivership are applicable to a society which voluntarily determines to discontinue business.

90 Acts, ch 1148, §29